

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

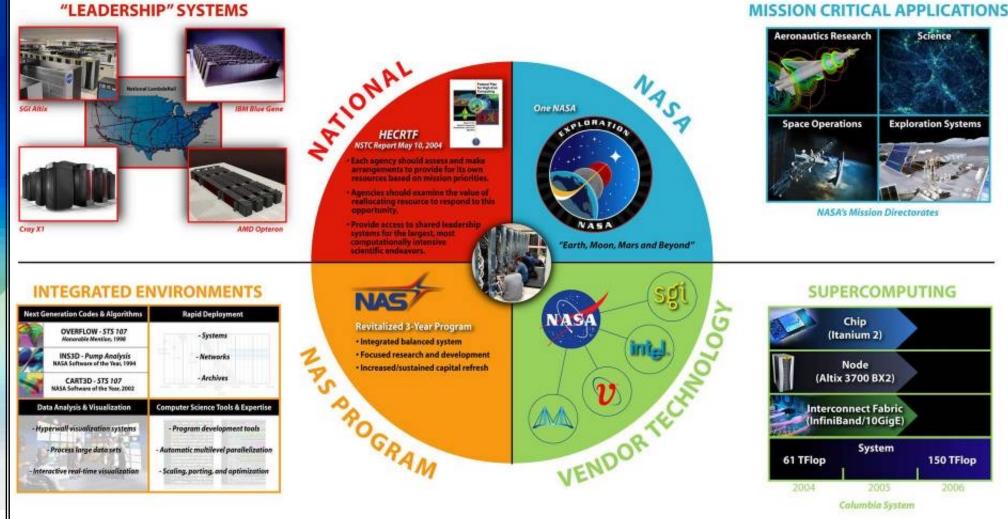
World-Class Supercomputer System, "Columbia" Revolutionizes NASA Science and Engineering Capabilities

HPC Online Conference and Expo October 6, 2005

Dr. Walt Brooks Chief, NASA Advanced Supercomputing Division NASA Ames Research Center Moffett Field, CA 94035 http://www.nas.nasa.gov

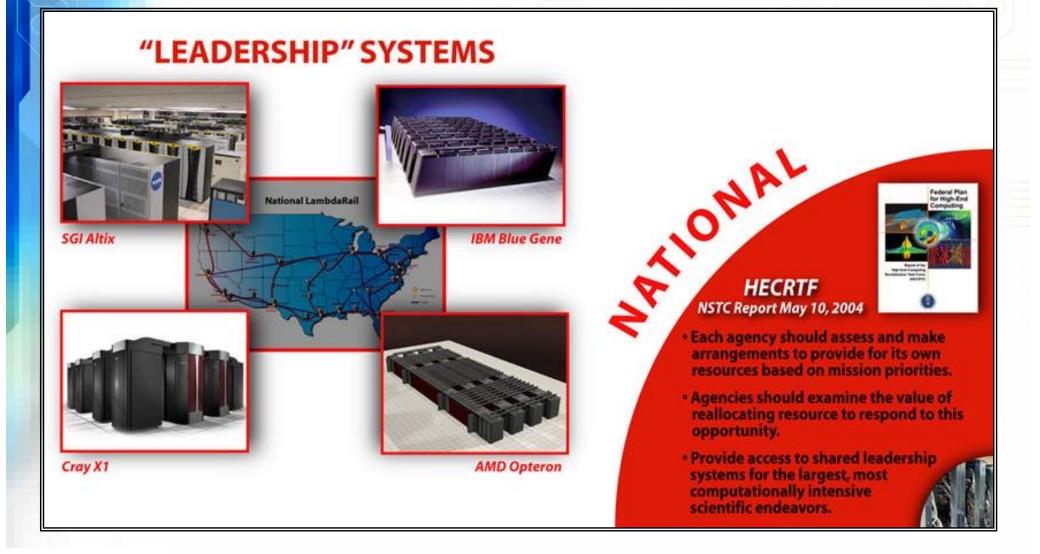


## **Success Through Partnerships**

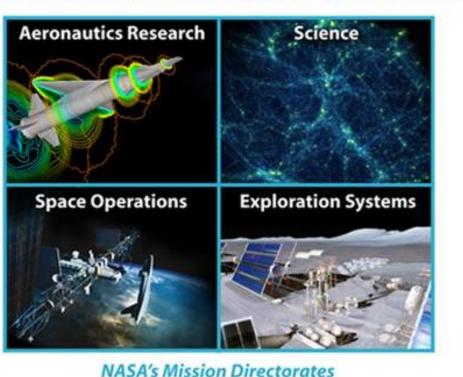


#### MISSION CRITICAL APPLICATIONS

## Success Through Partnerships: Leadership Systems as National Resources

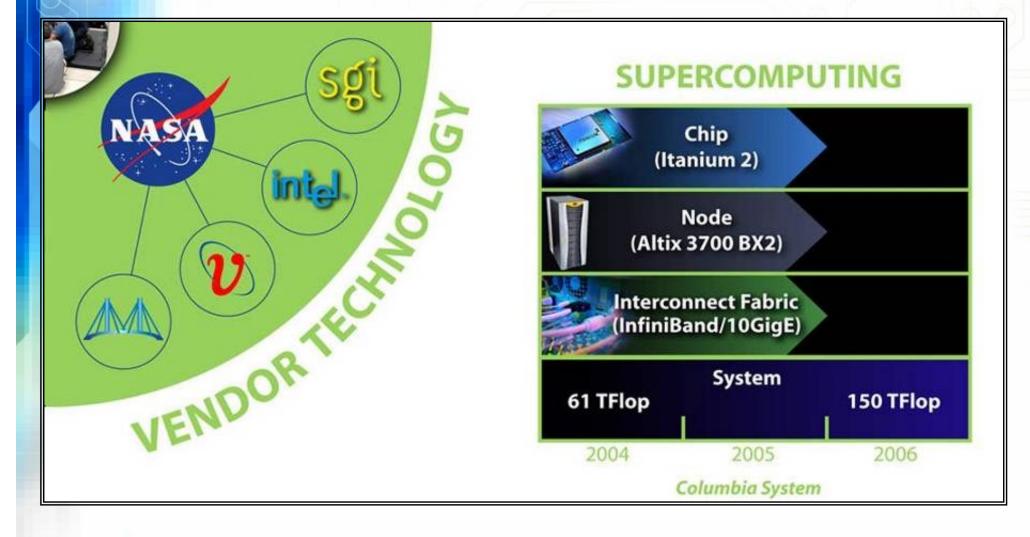






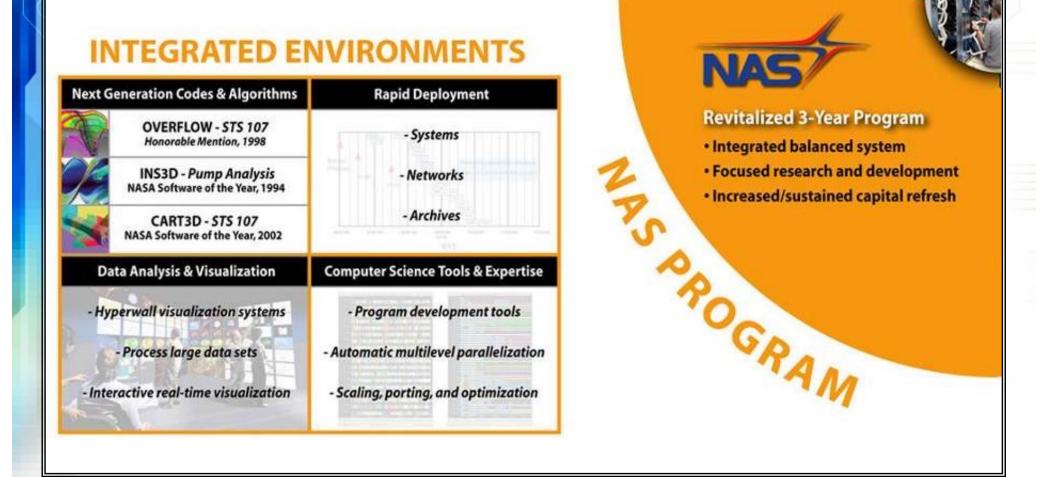
MISSION CRITICAL APPLICATIONS

## Success Through Partnerships: Vendor Technology and Supercomputing





## Success Through Partnerships: Integrated Simulation Environments



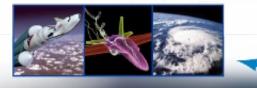
#### Integrated Support for High-Performance Modeling and Simulation



The Columbia supercomputer provides a peak of 62 teraflops to the user community. The NASA Advanced Supercomputing (NAS) facility, where the Columbia system is housed, provides integrated support for the full life-cycle of high-end science and engineering applications.

#### NASA Scientists and Engineers

Scientists and engineers set up computational problems, choosing effective codes and resources to solve NASA's complex mission problems.



Communities

EXPLORATION SYSTEM

NASA'S MISSION DIRECTORATES

#### Performance Optimization



NAS software experts utilize tools to parallelize and optimize codes. dramatically increasing simulation performance while decreasing turnaround time.

#### Data Analysis and Visualization



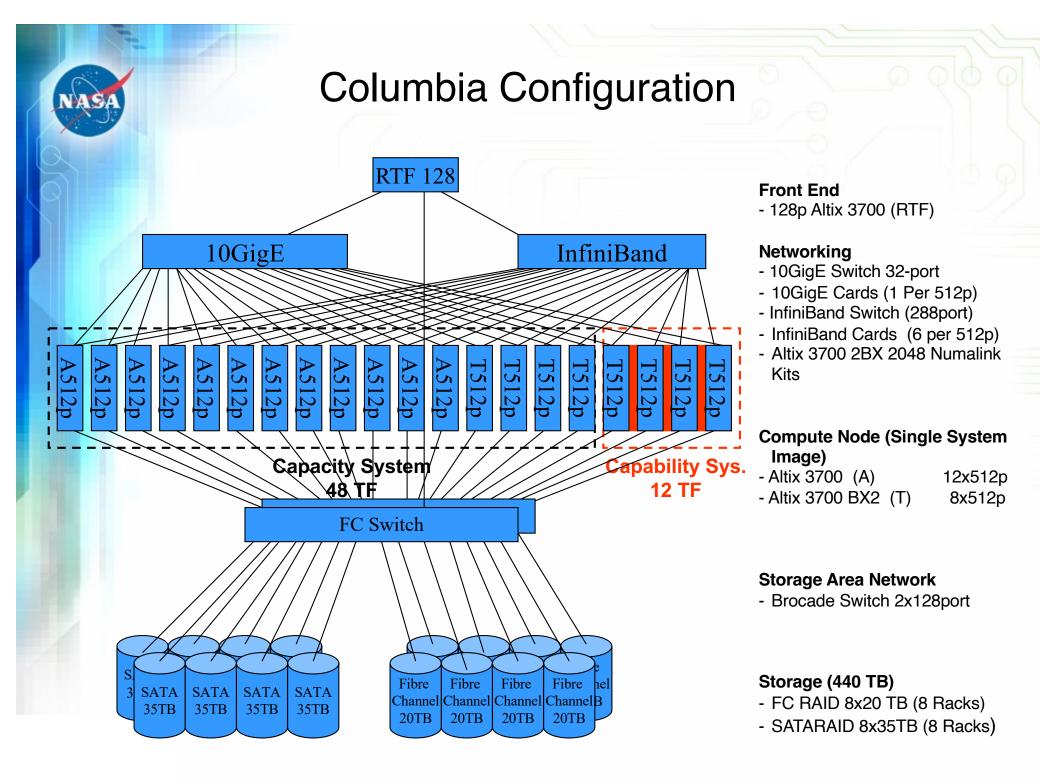
NAS experts apply advanced data analysis and visualization techniques to help scientists explore and understand large data sets.

#### Supercomputers, Storage and Networks

The NAS supercomputer environment (hardware, software, network and storage) is used to execute the optimized code to solve NASA's large computational problems.

November 2003 The Basic Building Block - World's First SGI 512 supercomputer with Intel Itanium 2 processors. (Named "Kalpana" in honor of NASA Ames scientist and Columbia astronaut, Dr. Kalpana Chawla)

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## Project Columbia Dedicated October 2004



## NASA

## 60 TERAFLOPS in 120 DAYS

NASA's factor of 10 Supercomputer:

- Developed 10X faster than previous systems (4 months versus 40 months).
- 10X less Expensive (\$50M versus \$500M).
- 10X more Productive (600 users versus 60 users).

#### • Program

- Beginning May 18, 2004, obtain all of the necessary approvals and procure the system by June 18, 2004.
- Physical Plant
  - Make all of the necessary power and cooling changes to run Columbia.
  - Reconfigure and retrofit decommissioned water cooling loop.

#### Production

- SGI build and deliver 19 Altix 512s in less than 4.5 months, including the first Altix 3700BX2.
- Integration
  - Assemble and test 20 x 512p with GigE and Infiniband connectivity.
- Continuous production
  - Continue NASA science and engineering in support of NASA Missions.
- Provide a national capability
  - Build and utilize the first shared-memory 2048.

## Columbia16 Marks First 3700BX2

- Density of CPUs is twice earlier generation.
- Necessary racks for 512 reduced from 16 to 11.
- Supports shared memory across 2,048 processors.
- Utilizes chilled water-cooling in the doors to reduce load on existing cooling units on the floor.
- Brings "Earth Simulator" class computing to 30x30 room.



## 60 TERAFLOPS in 120 DAYS!

NASA's Factor of 10 Supercomputer:

- Developed 10X faster than previous systems (4 months versus 40 months).
- 10X less Expensive (\$50M versus \$500M).
- 10X more Productive (close to 700 to 800 users versus previous 60 to 100 users).

## NASA Vision and Mission

#### Vision:

- To improve life here,
- To extend life to there,
- To find life beyond.

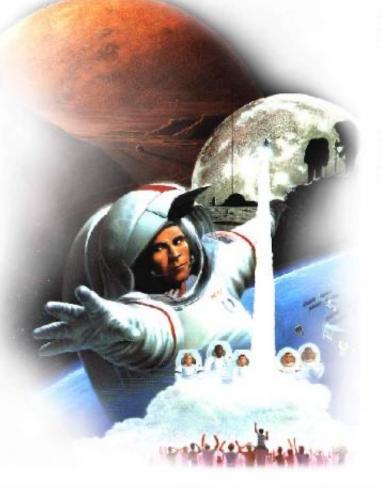
#### **Mission:**

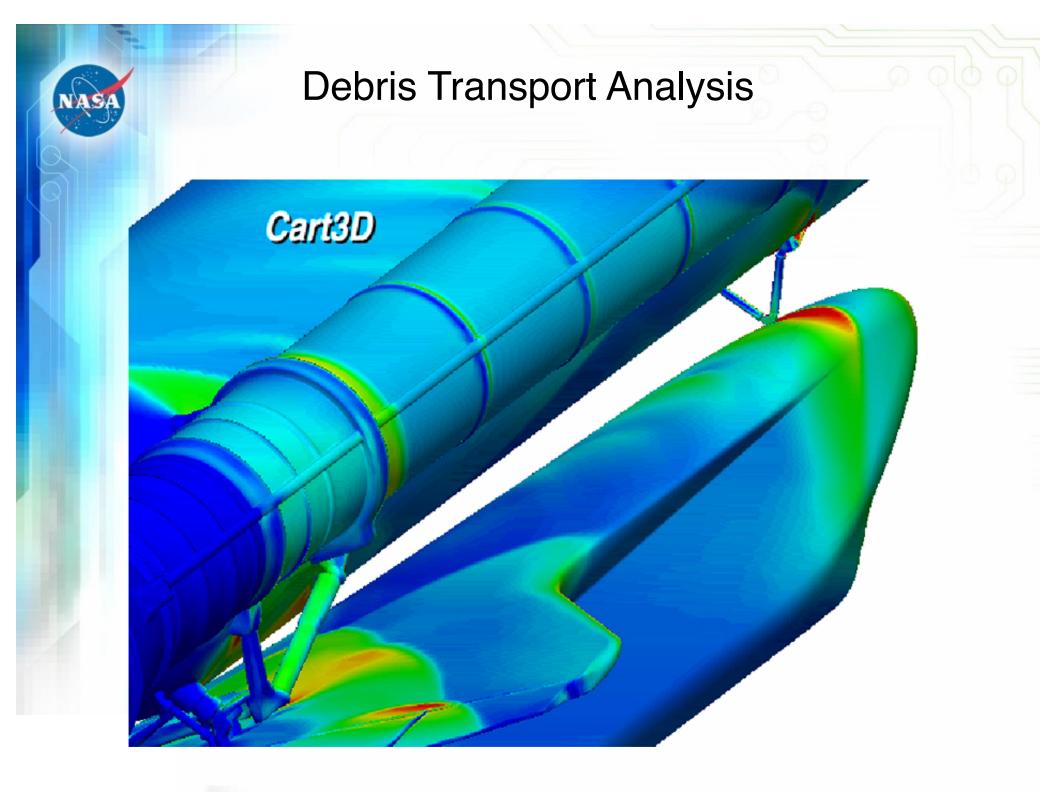
- To understand and protect our home planet,
- To explore the universe and search for life,
- To inspire the next generation of explorers,
   ... as only NASA can.

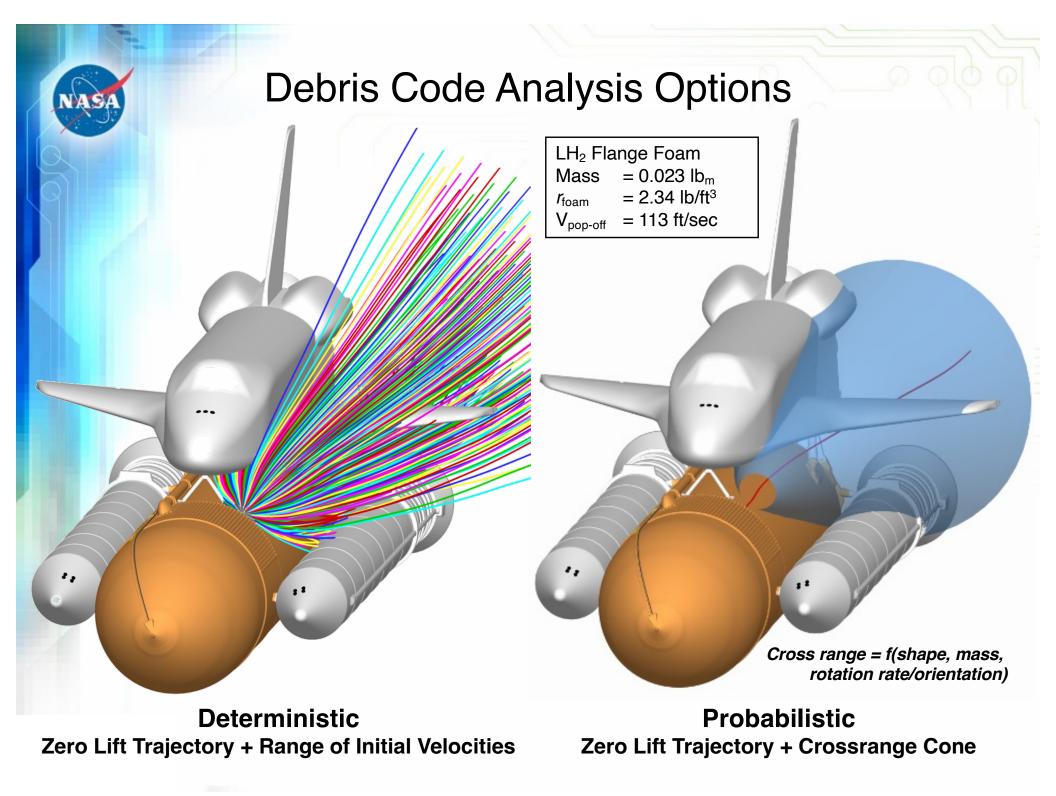
President's Information Technology Advisory Committee quote:

*"Information Technology will be one of the key factors driving progress in the 21st century - it will transform the way we live, learn, work, and play.* 

Advances in computing and communications technology will create a new infrastructure for business, scientific research, and social interaction."









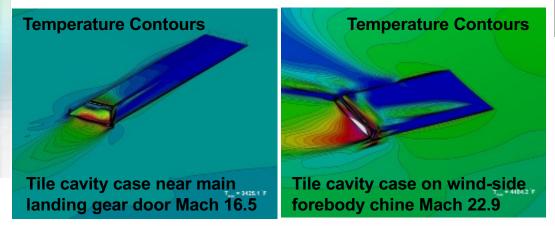
## Rapid Aerothermal Analysis Demonstration Heating vs Time

#### Objectives:

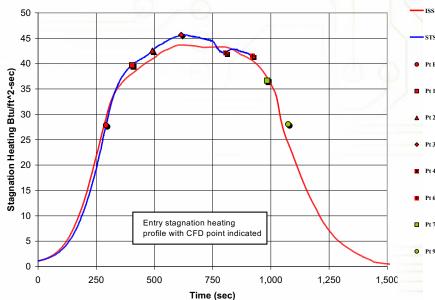
- Demonstrate a new rapid aerothermal CFD analysis capability
- The new capability shall permit near real-time analysis of observed Orbiter damage during flight
- The capability would provide an alternate high-fidelity evaluation of local heating bump factors calculated from engineering codes
- Required capability: 10 damage sites at 10 trajectory points
  - ( > 100 solutions) assessed in under 24 hours
- Capability prior to STS-107 accident ~ 1 solution in 3 weeks

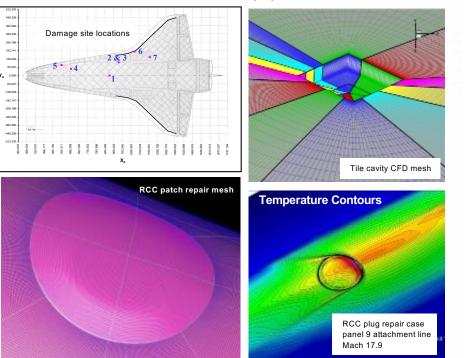
#### Results: Success!!!

- 8 (512 processor) nodes of the Columbia supercomputer were used for 24 hours
- 12 different computational meshes were generated for 10 different damage/repair sites
- 10 trajectory points calculated for each damage/repair site
- More than 100 high-fidelity Navier-Stokes calculations performed
- Some unsteadiness observed in some tile cavity CFD solutions
- Some pre- and post processing improvements needed

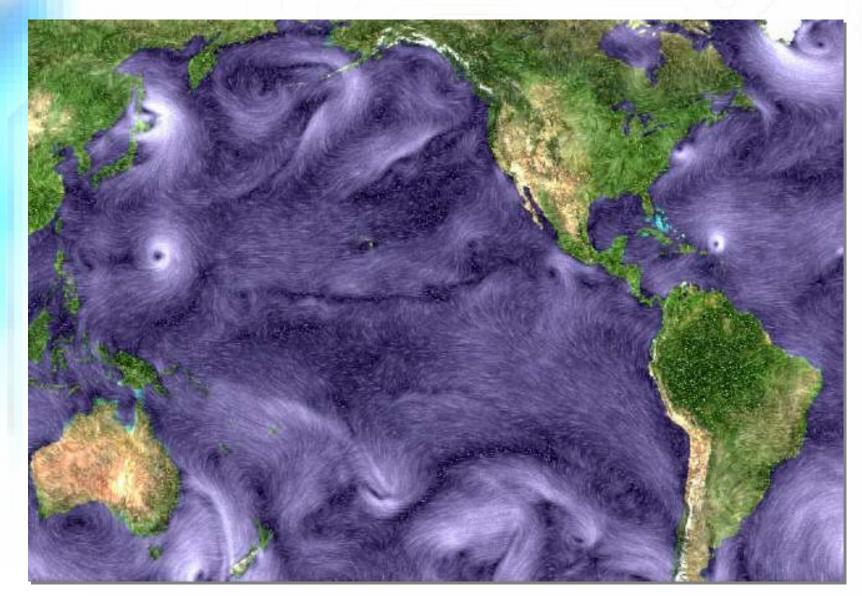


NASA RTF Computational Aerothermal Analysis Group: LaRC, MSFC, ARC and JSC





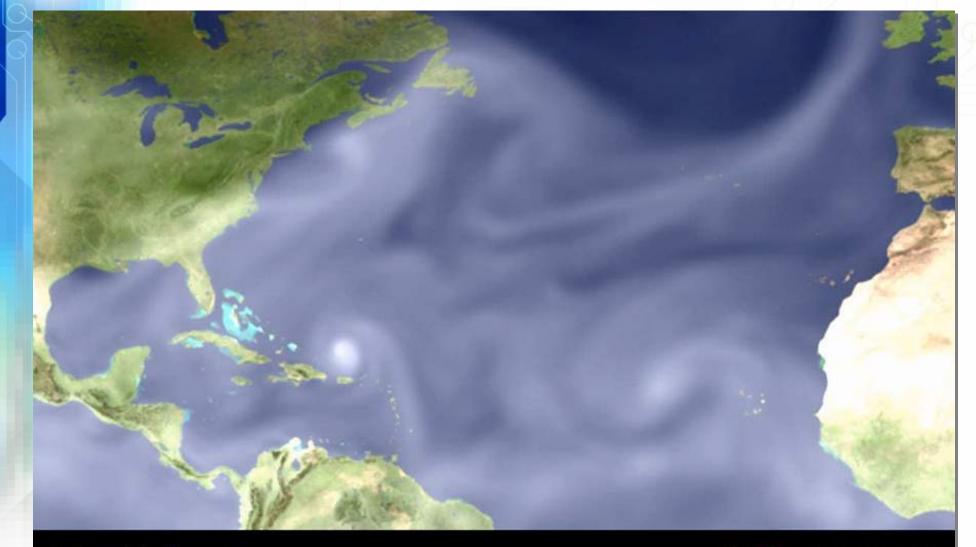
## Improved Hurricane Track Prediction fvGCM Code Simulations - Hurricane Francis 08/04



(Resolution: 1/4th of a degree)

PI: Bowen Shen, Goddard Space Flight Center

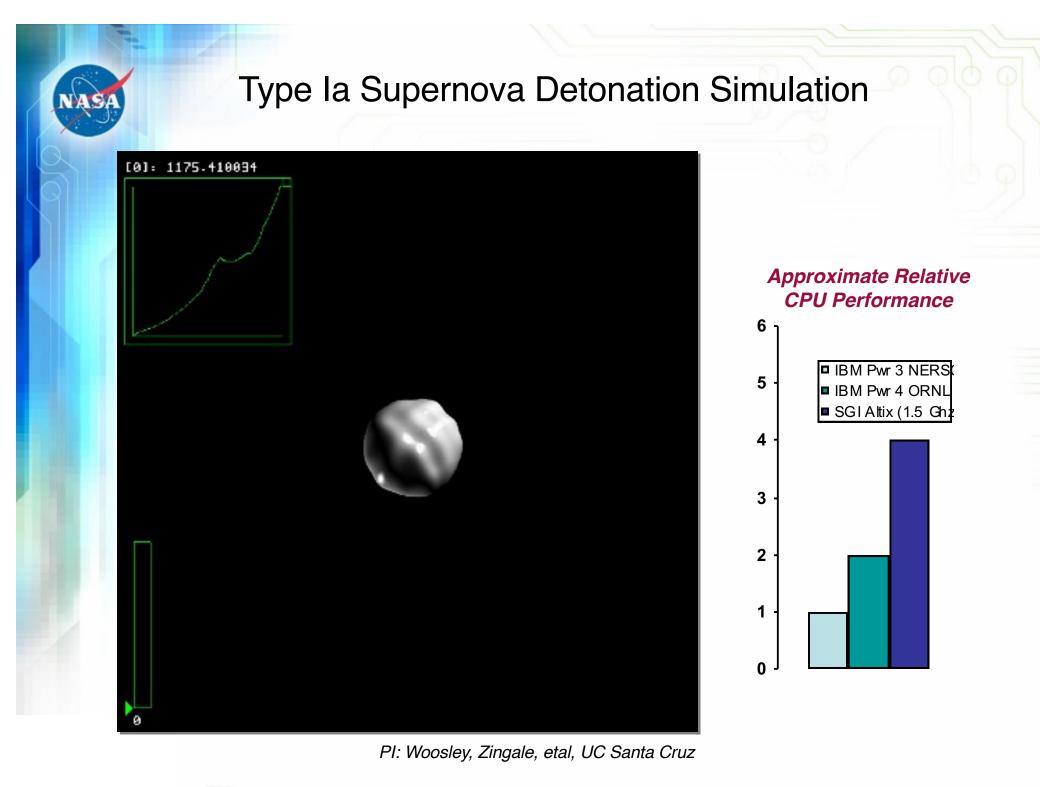
### Higher Resolution Hurricane Track Prediction fvGCM Code Simulations - Hurricane Francis 09/04



#### total precipitable water

(Resolution: 1/12th of a degree)

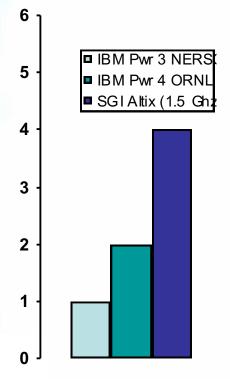
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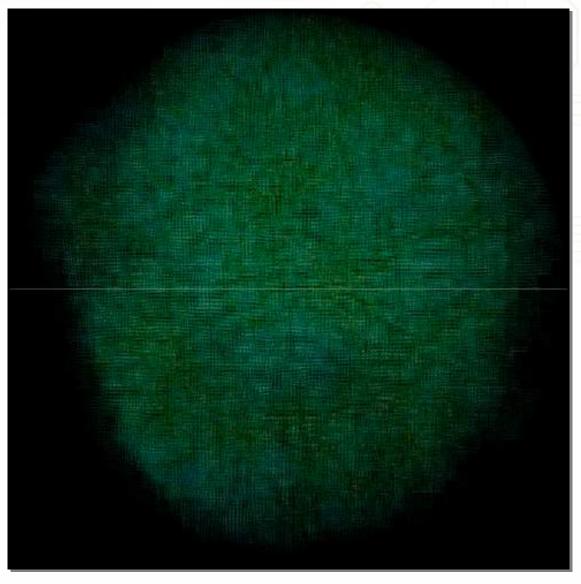


## Large-Scale Structure of the Universe

Simulation of large-scale dark matter distribution throughout the universe. Problem domain 120M parsec cube with 256-cubed particles. Small bright knots ~ 10 Milky Way masses.

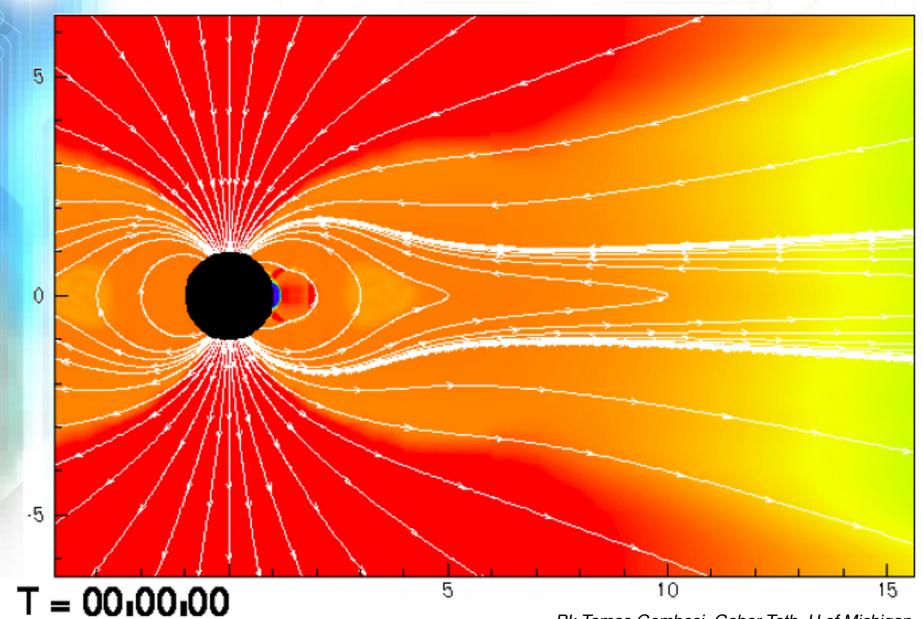
#### Approximate Relative CPU Performance





PI: Primak, Allgood, etal, UC Santa Cruz

## Space Weather: Radiation Storms



PI: Tamas Gombosi, Gabor Toth, U of Michigan

## hyperwall-1: Parameter Studies



# NASA

## So Where Are We?

#### The Science

- Production CFD codes executing 100x
   C90 numbers of just a few years ago.
- Throughput 100x (or more) above that of a few years ago.
- Earth/Space Science codes executing
  2-4x faster than last year's best efforts,
  100x throughput over last year's efforts.

#### The Systems (1997 - present)

- New expanded shared memory architectures: First 256, 512, and 1024 CPU Origin systems.
   First 256p, 512p Altix SSI systems.
- First 2048p NUMAlinked 512p Altix cluster.

#### • The Future?

- Expanded Altix SSI to 4096?
- Expanded Altix NUMAlinked clusters to16Kp?
- Serious upgrades to CPUs

